

2021 STATUS OF BY-LAWS IN GHANA

DENNISLAW GHANA RESEARCH DESK

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Summary

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Executive Summary

The research was organized by Dennislaw in partnership with Corporate Secretarial and Training Services (CSTS). It sought to examine the level of compliance, among the Metropolitan, Municipal and District Assemblies (MMDAs), with the provision of section 182(4) of the Local Governance Act, 2016 (Act 936). The provision in question requires all enacted by-laws to be published or gazetted in order to be declared valid.

The research, collated data primarily from the Ghana Publishing Company Limited (Assembly Press) as the institution with the sole responsibility to gazette laws in the country. It also examined newspaper publications relating to publication of by-laws. The study also sought the support of a number of MMDAs for validation of the data collected.

The study found that a total of 108 sets of by-laws operated by 109 MMDAs have so far been validated as being in compliance with the publication requirement. This is because, of the number of validated sets of by-laws, one set has been made applicable in two different districts. Again, while 108 sets of by-laws representing 109 MMDAs were found be gazetted, 3 sets have lost their validity and fallen into desuetude since their geographical areas of jurisdiction have been re-demarcated and ceased to exist in their original form. Thus, only 105 sets of by-laws at the various levels of local governance have been validly passed and are of effective application. By this finding, the study concludes that a total of 154 out of 260 MMDAs representing 59% of the various assemblies in Ghana are operating without legitimate and valid by-laws.

The overall importance of by-laws to the decentralization and local governance of the country calls for a convergence of efforts by the Ministry of Local Governance and Rural Development, MMDAs, Assembly Press and other relevant agencies to secure defaulting assemblies' compliance with the publication requirement.

Foreword

The DennisLaw Research Team collects information to answer legal questions. The team assists researchers find better ways to present discovered legal information addressing legal issues and more. The research team is a body of recognised researchers in the legal landscape, practising legal practitioners and legal students. All research is regulated or governed by these 3 core values:

- **Teamwork:** Team members work together to follow a detailed plan for every study, called a protocol.
- **Integrity:** Sourcing of data involves credible and recognised resources; thus, maintaining the integrity of data shared or communicated. Fostering integrity in legal research is our focus.
- **Performance:** We always strive to improve our performance and the performance of our clients as we meet and exceed clients' expectations

The findings of this research we believe will not only enlighten its readers but hopefully challenge the relevant stakeholders to take the necessary steps towards resolving the problem at hand. Decentralization has come to stay and play a vital role to the democratic governance of Ghana. In that regard, it behooves all concerned institutions to take the necessary steps to ensure that its core structures work efficiently. The enactment and use of by-laws form a central part of this structure and is deserving of all necessary attention considering that by-laws provide the major means by which local assemblies can legitimately execute their functions.

Consequently, a study to examine the *Status of By-laws In Ghana* is a great milestone in the process of devising a solution to a fundamental problem affecting the efficiency of local government operations in Ghana.

DennisLaw Research Team

Conclusion

Local assemblies assume responsibly for the overall development of their respective districts, including the promotion of local economic development, basic education and public health, environmental protection and sanitation, and the improvement and management of human settlements. A major contributor to this success is the presence of by-laws governing this wide range of activities within the assemblies.

The Local Governance Act, 2016 (Act 936) which is the primary statute providing for and directing the administration of local assemblies nationwide enjoins Local assemblies to pass by-laws to govern activities within their respective jurisdictions when necessary. Howbeit, the Act requires that local assemblies publish and gazette their various by-laws in order to gain validity. Thus, pursuant to section 182(4) of Act 936, a BY-LAW shall remain ineffective even when approved by the Regional Coordinating Council unless and until it has been:

- a. posted on the premises of the District Assembly concerned and in at least one other public place within the district, and
- b. published in a daily newspaper of national circulation or in the Gazette.

Per this provision, a by-law does not acquire the force of a law if it has not been published or gazette. Attempts to compel compliance with, or secure enforcement of the provisions of a non-gazetted or published by-law will be tainted with illegality. Of the two modes of validation of by-laws, the research finds that invariably, Local Assemblies resort to gazetting rather than publication in daily newspapers to validate their by-laws.

Given the stringent requirements of the Local Governance Act and the importance of by-laws to the administration of the local assemblies, **DennisLaw Research Team** partnered with Corporate Secretarial and Training Services (CSTS) to embark on the present study to ascertain the rate of compliance by MMDAs with the statutory publication of by-laws. In addition, Dennislaw sought to identify the number of districts within the newly created regions of Ghana, which have so far complied with the by-laws publication requirement after almost 3 years of their establishment. The joint efforts of Dennislaw and CSTS made it possible to undertake this research project which for the first time consolidates all by-laws in force in the country, and statistics of the number of MMDAs with gazetted by-laws and those without valid by-laws.

Statement of the Applicable Law

Research

The measure of legitimacy and validity of any by-law adopted by a local assembly is as carefully outlined in section 182 of the Local Government Act, 2016 (Act 936). As earlier pointed out, the law imposes a strict procedural regime for the adoption of by-laws in the country. It provides:

- (1) Every by-law made by a District Assembly shall be submitted to the Regional Co-ordinating Council.
- (2) The Regional Co-ordinating Council shall ensure that the by-law is consistent with this Act or any other enactment.
- (3) Where the Regional Co-ordinating Council
 - (a) rejects the by-law, the Regional Co-ordinating Council shall notify the District Assembly giving reasons for the rejection; or
 - (b) approves the by-law, the Regional Co-ordinating Council shall cause the by-law to be published.
- (4) A by-law shall not have effect until the by-law has been
 - (a) posted on the premises of the District Assembly concerned and in at least one other public place within the district, and
 - (b) published in a daily newspaper of national circulation or in the Gazette. 1

It is this procedural requirement for the substantive validity of the by-laws that provided the rationale for undertaking this research.

¹ See section 182 of the Local Governance Act, 2016 (Act 936)

Executive Foreword Research Research Research Applicable Appendix Recommendations Conclusion Background Methodology Findings

Research methodology

Law

To effectively achieve the project goal, the study adopted both fieldwork and desk review approaches. The fieldwork was undertaken for purpose of collection and collation of by-laws from the various MMDAs, and the Ghana publishing company limited (Assembly press). Thus, agents were appointed to visit the offices of the various MMDAs in all 16 Regions to either acquire copies of their by-laws or verify their availability as permitted by Act 936.²

The information gathered by the MMDAs were then subjected to critical analysis in order to develop a comprehensive and up-to-date inventory of valid (gazette or published) by-laws in the country devoid of repealed and invalid by-laws. Additionally, the desk review process helped to identify the number of MMDAs using draft by-laws to govern local assemblies. Although they were not considered as valid by-laws they were carefully studied to identify their applicable areas.

The study again adopted a validation strategy to verify the information obtained from the various MMDAs. It relied largely on documentary records provided by Assembly Press (in the discharge of its obligation as the state institution responsible for the publication of gazettes, particularly the Local Governance Bulletins in Ghana) to ascertain the status of by-laws in operation in the various MMDAs.

Summary

² See section 182 subsection 5 of the Local Governance Act, 2016 (Act 936)

Summary

Research findings

The study shows that 108 sets of by-laws have been gazetted in respect of 109 MMDAs. Three sets of by-laws, particularly those of **Kintampo**, **Assin Fosu Municipal** and **Mamprusi** could not be considered valid because their areas of jurisdiction have been redefined. As a result, no MMDAs currently exist under such names. Consequently, only 105 gazetted by-laws were identified and deemed to be valid, representing 106 MMDAs (one of the by-laws was found to be applicable in two MMDAs).

The research findings are presented in tables and visual synthesis such as graphs and figures to provide an in-depth understanding of the data. The details of the research findings have been expounded below:

NATIONAL SUMMARY OF RESEARCH RESULTS

The table below summarizes the total number of MMDAs from 16 regions. It highlights the number of MMDAs with gazette or published by-laws, and MMDAs without valid by-laws.

Table 1 - National Summary of MMDAs in all 16 regions with and without By-laws

Region	Total Number of MMDAS	MMDAs with Gazetted By-laws	MMDAs Without By-laws
Ahafo Region	6	3	3
Ashanti Region	43	17	26
Bono Region	12	4	8
Bono East Region	11	1	10
Central Region	22	7	15
Eastern Region	33	15	18
Greater Accra Region	29	14	15
Northern Region	16	11	5
North East Region	6	1	5
Oti Region	9	3	6
Savannah Region	7	5	2
Upper East Region	15	2	13
Upper West Region	11	3	8
Volta Region	18	9	9
Western Region	14	6	9
Western North Region	9	5	4
TOTAL	261	106	155

Summary

PIE CHART REPRESENTATION OF MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS, AND THOSE WITHOUT BY-LAWS

Figure 1 – Pie Chart of MMDAs with and without Gazetted By-laws

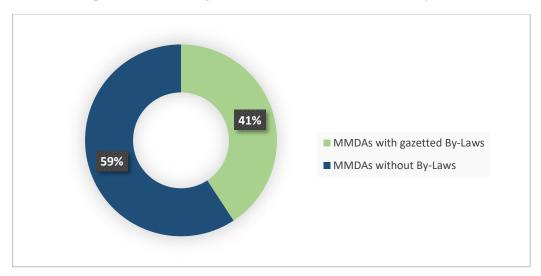


Figure 1 shows that 106 MMDAs representing 41% had by-laws that have been gazetted whereas 155 MMDAs representing 59% were operating without any by-laws. Considering the importance of by-laws, the table undoubtedly shows that there is a serious gap in the effective administration of local government which way inures to the detriment of the nation.

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF NATIONAL SUMMARY; BAR CHARTS OF MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS, AND THOSE WITHOUT BY-LAW

Figure 2 - Bar Charts of MMDAs with and without By-laws



SUMMARY OF METROPOLITAN ASSEMBLIES WITH BY-LAWS

Region	Total Number Of Metropolitan Assemblies	Metropolitan Assemblies with Gazetted Bylaws	Metropolitan Assemblies Without ByLaws
Ashanti Region	1	1	0
Central Region	1	1	0
Greater Accra Region	2	2	0
Northern Region	1	1	0
Western Region	1	1	0
TOTAL	6	6	0

SUMMARY OF MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLIES

Region	Total Number Of Municipal Assemblies	Municipal Assemblies with Gazetted Bylaws	Municipal Assemblies Without ByLaws
Ahafo Region	3	2	1
Ashanti Region	19	7	12
Bono Region	5	3	2
Bono East Region	4	1	3
Central Region	7	3	4
Eastern Region	13	6	7
Greater Accra Region	23	11	12
Northern Region	5	4	1
North East Region	2	0	2
Oti Region	2	1	1
Savannah Region	2	2	0
Upper East Region	4	0	4
Upper West Region	5	1	4
Volta Region	6	3	3
Western Region	8	3	5
Western North Region	3	1	2
TOTAL	111	48	63

SUMMARY OF DISTRICT ASSEMBLIES

Region	Total Number Of District Assemblies	District Assemblies with Gazetted By-laws	District Assemblies Without By-laws
Ahafo Region	3	1	2
Ashanti Region	23	10	13
Bono Region	7	1	6
Bono East Region	7	0	7
Central Region	14	3	11
Eastern Region	20	9	11
Greater Accra Region	4	1	3
Northern Region	10	6	4
North East Region	4	1	3
Oti Region	7	3	4
Savannah Region	5	3	2
Upper East Region	11	1	10
Upper West Region	6	2	4
Volta Region	12	6	6
Western Region	5	2	3
Western North Region	6	4	2
TOTAL	144	53	91

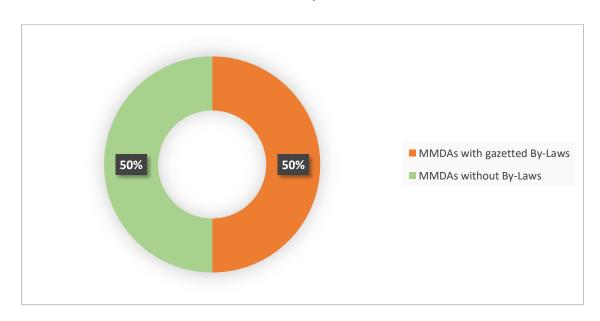
REGIONAL DEMARCATION

The tables and charts below show the total number of MMDA's within the regions and how many of these MMDAs operating with validly gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws in all 16 Regions .

A. Table showing MMDAs in the AHAFO region with by-laws that have been gazetted and those without by-laws.

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAs WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAs WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Asutifi South	1. Asunafo South
6	2. Tano North	2. Asutifi North
8	3. Asunafo North	3. Tano South
TOTAL	3	3

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the AHAFO region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.

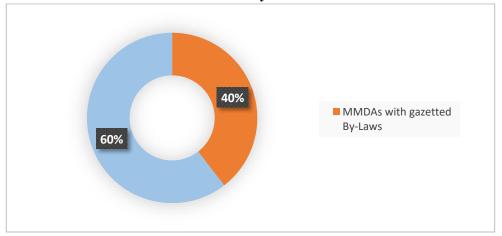


Research

Background

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY- LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY- LAWS
	1. Akrofuom	1. Adansi Asokwa
	2. Asante- Akim Central	2. Afigya-Kwabre North
	3. Asante- Akim North	3. Afigya-Kwabre South
	4. Asokore Mampong	4. Ahafo-Ano North Municipal
	5. Bosomtwe	5. Ahafo-Ano South East
	6. Ejisu	6. Ahafo-Ano South West
	7. Kumasi Metro	7. Amansie South
	8. Obuasi East	8. Asokwa Municipal
	9. Offinso North	9. Atwima-Nwabiagya North
	10. Oforikrom	10. Bekwai Municipal
	11. Atwima-Kwanwoma	11. Bosome Freho
	12. Atwima-Nwabiagya Municipal	12. Juaben Municipal
43	13. Amansie West	13. Kwabre East
	14. Amansie Central	14. Kwadaso Municipal
	15. Sekyere Afram Plains	15. Obuasi Municipal
	16. Sekyere Kumawu	16. Old Tafo
	17. Mampong Municipal	17. Sekyere Central
		18. Sekyere East
		19. Sekyere South
		20. Adansi North
		21. Adansi South
		22. Afigya-Kwabre
		23. Asante-Akim Central
		24. Ejura/Sekyedumase
		25. Offinso Municipal
		26. Suame
TOTAL	17	26

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the ASHANTI region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.

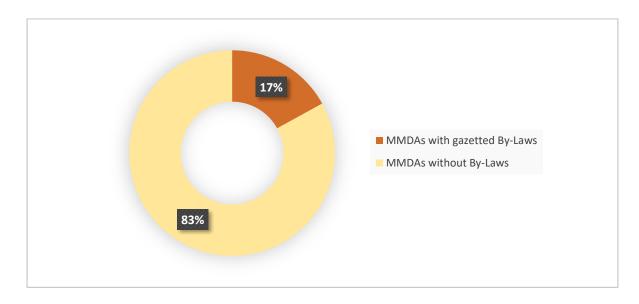


Conclusion

C. Table showing MMDAs in the BONO region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY- LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY- LAWS
	1. Dormaa Central	1. Banda
	2. Sunyani West	2. Berekum West
	3. Sunyani Municipal	3. Dormaa East
12	4. Berekum East	4. Dormaa West
12		5. Jaman South
		6. Tain
		7. Wenchi
		8. Jaman North
Total	4	8

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the BONO region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.

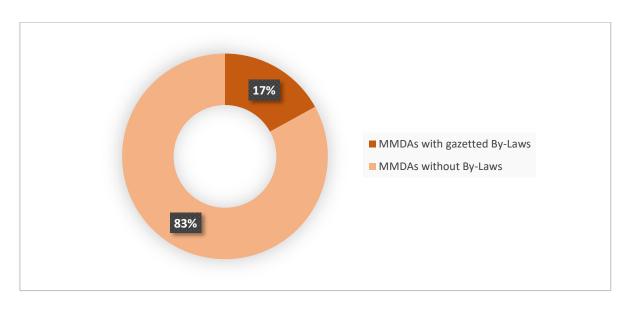


See section 235(2) of the Local Governance Act, 2016 (Act 936)

D. Table showing MMDAs in the BONO EAST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Nkoranza South	1. Atebubu-Amantin
	Kintampo (not applicable to any MMDA)	2. Kintampo North
		3. Kintampo South
		4. Nkoranza North
11		5. Pru East
11		6. Pru West
		7. Sene East
		8. Sene West
		9. Techiman Municipal
		10. Techiman North
TOTAL	1	10

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the BONO region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



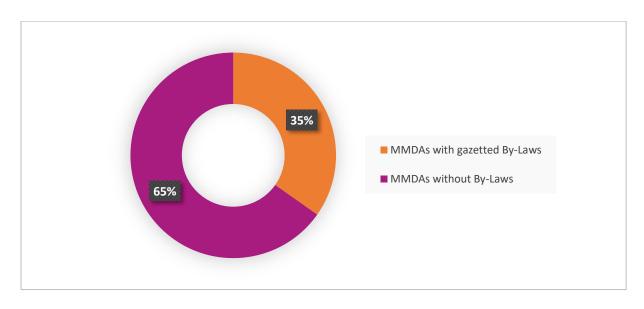
NB: The data above shows that 1 of the 2 gazetted by-laws in the Bono Region has been flagged as not applicable. This is because the by-law does not indicate whether it should be applied in either Kintampo North or Kintampo South. This affects the validity of the by-law as it is not consistent with the current requirement of Act 936, hence both MMDAs were considered to be operating without any valid by-law.

Summary

E. Table showing MMDAs in the CENTRAL region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Agona West	1. Abura/Asebu/Kwamankese District
	2. Awutu Senya East	2. Agona East
	3. Gomoa Central	3. Ajumako/Enyan/Essiam District
	4. Gomoa East	4. Assin Central Municipal
	5. Cape Coast Metropolitan	5. Assin North
	6. Effutu	6. Assin South
	7. Asikuma Odoben Brakwa District	7. Awutu Senya West
22	Assin Fosu Municipal (not applicable to any MMDA)	8. Ekumfi
22		9. Gomoa West
		10. Komenda/Edina/Eguafo/Abirem
		Municipal
		11. Mfantsiman
		12. Twifo Atti Morkwa
		13. Twifo/Hemang/Lower Denkyira District
		14. Upper Denkyira East
		15. Upper Denkyira West
Total	7	15

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the CENTRAL region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.

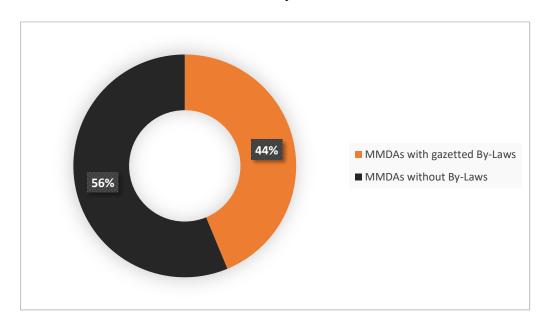


NB: Out of 8 by-laws found to be gazetted in the Central Region, The Assin Fosu Municipal by-law is considered not applicable to any MMDA as there exists no MMDA by name Assin Fosu. Thus, the by-law has no area of jurisdiction for its application.

F. Table showing MMDAs in the EASTERN region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Abuakwa North	1. Achiase
	2. Asene Manso Akroso	2. Akuapim North
	3. Asuogyaman	3. Akuapim South
	4. Birim Central	4. Atiwa East
	5. Denkyembour	5. Birim North
	6. Kwaebibirem	6. Birim South
	7. Kwahu South	7. Kwahu Afram Plains North
	8. Kwahu West	8. Kwahu East
33	9. New Juabeng South	9. New Juaben North
33	10. Fanteakwa District	10. Nsawam Adoagyire
	11. Ayensuano	11. Okere
	12. Kwahu Afram Plains South	12. Suhum
	13. Atiwa West	13. Upper Manya Krobo
	14. Lower Manya Krobo Municipal	14. Upper West Akim
		15. West Akim
		16. Yilo-Krobo
		17. Abuakwa South
		18. Upper West Akim
TOTAL	14	18

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the EASTERN region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



Research

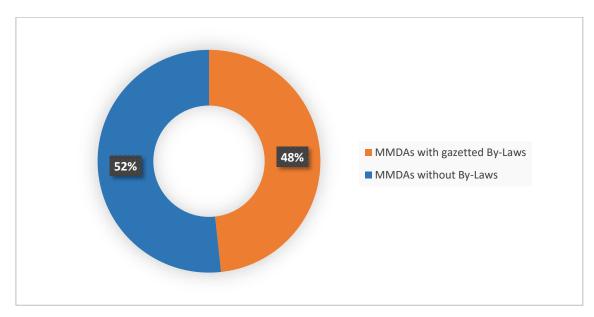
Background

The data above shows that 1 of the 2 gazetted by-laws in the Bono Region has been flagged as not applicable. This is because the by-law does not indicate whether it should be applied in either Kintampo North or Kintampo South. This affects the validity of the by-laws as it is not consistent with the current requirement of Act 936, hence both MMDAs were considered to be operating without any valid by-laws.

G. Table showing MMDAs in the GREATER ACCRA region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Tema Metro	1. Tema West
	2. La Nkwatanang	2. Okaikwei North
	3. Kpone Katamanso	3. Korle-Klottey
	4. Ga East	4. Ayawaso West
	5. Ga North	5. Ayawaso North
	6. Ga South	6. Ayawaso East
	7. Ashaiman	7. Ayawaso Central
29	8. Adentan	8. Ada East
	9. Ada West	9. Ablekuma North
	10. Accra Metro	10. Ablekuma Central
	11. La-Dade-Kotopon	11. Ablekuma West
	12. Ga Central	12. Ledzokuku
	13. Ga West	13. Krowor
	14. Weija Gbawe	14. Ningo-Prampram
		15. Shai-Osudoku
TOTAL	14	15

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the GREATER ACCRA region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



Findings

Methodology

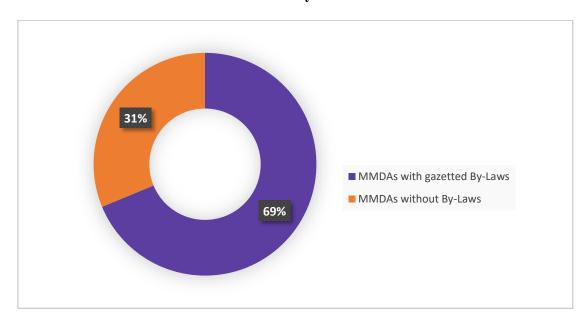
Law

Summary

H. Table showing MMDAs in the NORTHERN region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Karaga	1. Kumbungu
	2. Kpandai	2. Nanton
	3. Mion	3. Saboba
	4. Nanumba North	4. Savelugu Municipal
	5. Nanumba South	5. Zabzugu
16	6. Sagnarigu	
	7. Tamale Metro	
	8. Tatale	
	9. Tolon	
	10. Yendi	
	11. Gushegu	
Total	11	5

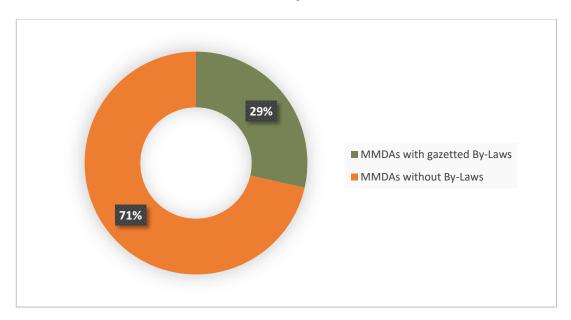
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the NORTHERN region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



I. Table showing MMDAs in the NORTHEAST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Mamprugu Moagduri	1. Bunkpurugu Nyankpanduri
	Mamprusi (not applicable to any MMDA)	2. Chereponi
6		3. East Mamprusi
		4. West Mamprusi
		5. Yunyoo-Nasuan
Total	1	5

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the NORTHEAST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.

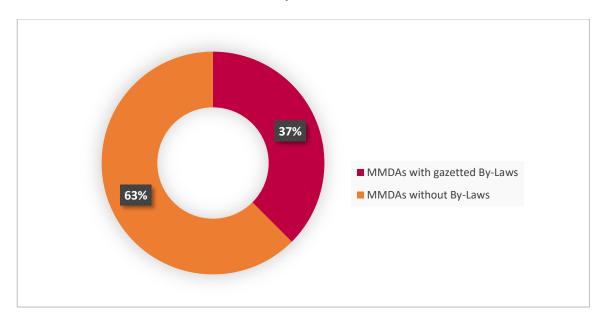


NB: In the northeast region, the Mamprusi by-law was identified although the by-law had been gazetted the current MMDAs did not have any bearing the name of the by-law hence the Mamprusi was deemed not applicable in any local assembly.

J. Table showing MMDAs in the OTI region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAW				
	1. Krachi East	1. Krachi Nchumuru			
	2. Biakoye	2. Nkwanta North			
0	3. Krachi West	3. Jasikan			
9		4. Kadjebi			
		5. Nkwanta South			
		6. Guan			
Total	3	6			

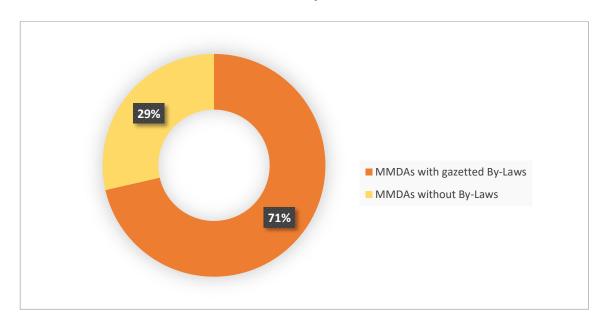
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the OTI region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



K. Table showing MMDAs in the SAVANNAH region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS			
	1. Bole	1. Central Gonja			
	2. East Gonja	2. North East Gonja			
7	3. West Gonja				
	4. North Gonja				
	5. Sawla Tuna- Kalba				
Total	5	2			

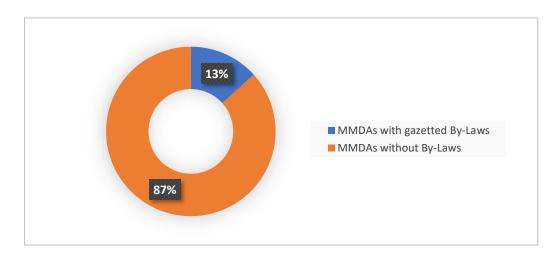
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the SAVANNAH region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



L. Table showing MMDAs in the UPPER EAST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS		
	1. Builsa South	1. Bawku Municipal		
	2. Nabdam	2. Bawku West		
		3. Binduri		
		4. Bolgatanga East		
		5. Bolgatanga Municipal		
15		6. Bongo		
		7. Builsa North		
		8. Garu		
		9. Kassena-Nankana Municipal		
		10. Kassena-Nankana West		
		11. Pusiga		
		12. Talensi		
		13. Tempane		
Total	2	13		

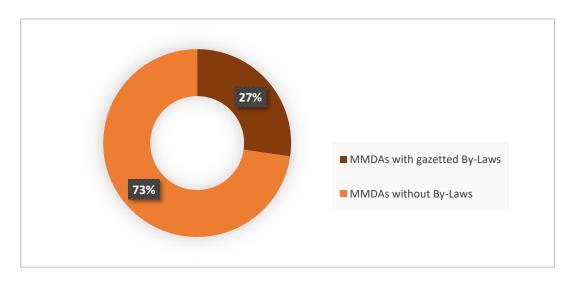
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the UPPER EAST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



M. Table showing MMDAs in the UPPER WEST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS
	1. Sissala East	1. Daffiama Bussie Issa
	2. Wa East	2. Jirapa Municipal
	3. Nadowli-Kaleo	3. Lawra Municipal
44		4. Nandom Municipal
11		5. Sissala West
		6. Wa West
		7. Lambussie Karni
		8. Wa Municipal
Total	3	8

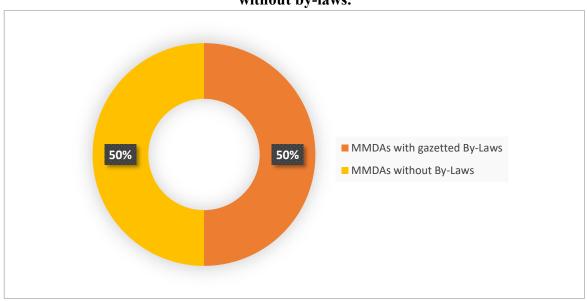
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the UPPER WEST region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



N. Table showing MMDAs in the VOLTA region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS		
	1. Adaklu	1. Anloga		
	2. South Tongu	2. Central Tongu		
	3. Ho Municipal	3. Keta Municipal		
	4. Hohoe	4. Ketu South		
18	5. Ho West	5. North Dayi		
16	6. South Dayi	6. North Tongu		
	7. Afadzato South	7. Agotime Ziope		
	8. Akatsi North	8. Akatsi South		
	9. Kpando	9. Ketu North Municipal		
Total	9	9		

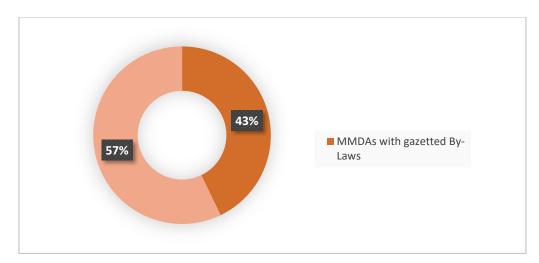
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the VOLTA region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



O. Table showing MMDAs in the WESTERN region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS		
	1. Sekondi - Takoradi Metropolitan	1. Amenfi Central		
	2. Wassa Amenfi East	2. Jomoro		
	3. Effia Kwesimintim	3. Shama		
14	4. Ellembelle	4. Wassa West		
14	5. Mpohor	5. Amenfi West		
	6. Tarkwa-Nsuaem	6. Ahanta West		
		7. Nzema East		
		8. Prestea-Huni Valley		
Total	6	8		

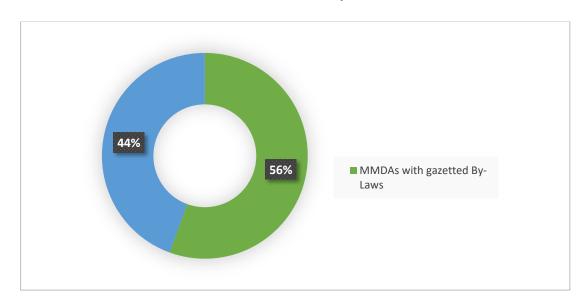
Pie chart showing MMDAs in the WESTERN NORTH region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws



P. Table showing MMDAs in the WESTERN NORTH region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws

TOTAL NUMBER OF MMDAS	MMDAS WITH GAZETTED BY-LAWS	MMDAS WITHOUT BY-LAWS		
	1. Aowin	1. Bia East		
	2. Bia West	Bibiani Anhwiaso Bekwai Municipal		
9	3. Sefwi Akontonbra	3. Bodi		
,	4. Juaboso	4. Sefwi-Wiawso		
	5. Suaman			
Total	5	4		

Pie chart showing MMDAs in the WESTERN NORTH region with gazetted by-laws and those without by-laws.



BY-LAWS WITHOUT ASSEMBLIES

Summary

The table below outlines by-laws that have been gazetted but cannot be deemed valid because their area of jurisdiction or local assemblies are no longer in existence, and their current descriptions and names do not link them up to any existing assembly.

NO.	REGIONS	BY-LAWS
1.	BONO EAST	KINTAMPO
2.	CENTRAL	ASSIN FOSU
3.	NORTHEAST	MAMPRUSI

Draft By-laws Use Of Draft By-laws by Some MMDAS In The Various Regions

As earlier stated, the study did not consider MMDAs working with draft by-laws to have valid by-laws. For clarity, a table has been created, setting in clear terms the scope of MMDAs operating with draft by-laws. Draft by-laws are by-laws that have been accepted by the local assemblies and which have received approval from the Regional Coordinating Council but are yet to be gazette or published. While the Act does not give a time frame within which to gazette draft by-laws, the terms of section 182(4) imply a sense of urgency for the purpose of kicking into effect, adopted by-laws.

Despite this, several MMDAs presented draft by-laws as their working by-laws. Some of these by-laws have been left as a draft for years.

In all, 27 MMDAs were identified from 8 Regions and caught in this practice.

Table outlines MMDAS in the various regions Using Draft By-laws

NO.	REGION	MMDAS WITH DRAFT BY-LAWS
	Ashanti Region	1. Adansi North
		2. Adansi South
		3. Afigya-Kwabre
1.		4. Asante-Akim Central
		5. Ejura/Sekyedumase
		6. Offinso Municipal
		7. Suame
2.	Bono Region	1. Jaman North
3.	Eastern Region	1. Abuakwa South
3.		2. Upper West Akim
	Greater Accra Region	1. Ablekuma West
		2. Tema West
4.		3. Ledzokuku
11		4. Krowor
		5. Ningo-Prampram
		6. Shai-Osudoku
	Oti Region	1. Jasikan
5.		2. Kadjebi
		3. Nkwanta South
6.	Upper West Region	1. Lambussie Karni
		2. Wa Municipal
	Volta Region	1. Agotime Ziope
7.		2. Akatsi South
		3. Akatsi North
	Western Region	1. Ahanta West
8.		2. Nzema East
		3. Prestea-Huni Valley
TOTAL	8	27

Research

Background

The findings of this study expose serious lapses in the practices of certain MMDAs, particularly, as regards the development and operationalization of their working by-laws. The remedial strategy requires a consolidation of efforts from various stakeholders and agencies. In that regard, the study makes the following suggestions to address the problem from its underlying roots:

Research

Role of Regional Coordinating Council (RRC)

The duties of the Regional Coordinating Council as prescribed in section 188 of Act 936 is to ensure the proper functioning and administration of all local assemblies within the Region. Regarding the enactment of by-laws, the Regional Coordinating Council has the singular role of guaranteeing their validity by ensuring that they are consistent with the Local Government Act through publication in the gazette. It is in any case justifiable to lay the blame at the doorsteps of the RRCs for their lack of supervision and failure to monitor and evaluate the activities of the MMDAs within their jurisdiction. It is therefore recommended that each Regional Coordinating Council plays a firmer supervisory role over the activities of MMDAs whilst coordinating with them to see to the enactment of valid by-laws to regulate affairs within the assemblies.

Additionally, it is recommended that the RRCs and MMDAs employ the services of experts in drafting of by-laws to ensure their legitimacy and compliance with existing constitutional and statutory laws and principles.

Role of Regional Minister

The role of the Regional Minister is salient to the success of the Regional Coordinating Council and local assemblies vis-à-vis the performance of their duties. As the chairperson of the RRC, the Regional minister is responsible for coordinating the affairs of the RRC. It is therefore recommended that the Regional Minister takes the necessary steps and makes the required orders to ensure that all players under his or her authority perform their duties in due compliance with the requirements of the law.

It is also important to emphasise that the Regional minister serves as the supervisor of the District Chief Executive (DCE) who is the head of the local assembly. It is suggested that Regional Ministers assume the duty to monitor and evaluate District Chief Executives in their respective Regions in the performance of their functions.

More so, it will not be out of the order for the Regional Minister to partner with legal experts to aid local assemblies to compile and produce their draft by-laws. This will ensure that the adopted by-laws are consistent with all higher laws.

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- Role of the Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development

The Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development exists to deepen decentralised governance and improve access to services at the sub-national level through diverse means such as the formulation of policies, programmes, and projects and monitoring and evaluation and among others. Key to the success of the MLGDRD is the proper administration of the local assemblies since they form the basis for the decentralization of government. As such, it is recommended that the MLGDRD provides the necessary mechanism which allows for the quick development of by-laws.

Furthermore, the MLGDRD can coordinate with the Assembly Press to ensure that draft bylaws sent to the Assembly Press are published within a shorter timeframe.

- Model By-law

Model by-laws are by-laws made by the Minister of Local Government through a legislative instrument when the Minister is of the opinion that a uniform provision may reasonably be made and apply in respect of certain common matters in the various or a number of assemblies, either at the regional or national level. Models by-laws are not made by the local assemblies. Nonetheless, it is recommended that in instances where existing by-laws in MMDAs address the same issue, local assemblies must look at implementing the model by-laws.

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Conclusion

The statistics above pinpoint the urgency in addressing the shortcomings associated with the validity of by-laws. It must be noted that although the majority of MMDAs are without bylaws, a common practice emerges from this default position that seeks to legitimatize this unlawful lapse which has far reaching consequences. As defaulting MMDAs grant permits, issues fees, and charges, penalties, and among others, a pertinent issue observation is made, which raises the question of legality of these acts and activities of the MMDAs. Dennislaw wishes to entreat the Ministry of Local Governance and Rural Development, the Regional Coordinating Council, the Regional Minister and more importantly the MMDAs to take the necessary steps to address this lacuna and legitimatize the by-laws adoption process.

Ultimately, decentralization is key to the progressive development of this country, and it must be preserved at all cost.



By-Laws published by Ghana Publishers Company Limited BY-LAWS PUBLISHED IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BULLETING AS AT **DECEMBER 2021**

NO.	LGB NO.	DISTRICT ASSEMLY REGIO					
	2014						
1.	35	ASIKUMA-ODOBEN-BRAKWA	CENTRAL				
2.	39	AYENSUANO	CENTRAL				
3.	41	GA CENTRAL	GREATER ACCRA				
4.	43	BOSOMTWE/BOSOME FREHO	ASHANTI				
5.	44	GA SOUTH	GREATER ACCRA				
		2015					
1.	15	TARKWA NSUAEM	WESTERN				
2.	22	EAST AKIM	EASTERN				
3.	35	HO MUNICIPAL	VOLTA				
4.	38	EFUTU	CENTRAL				
5.	41	ATWIMA NWABIAGYA	ASHANTI				
6.	46	AMANSIE WEST	ASHANTI				
7.	48	AFIGYA KWABRE	ASHANTI				
8.	49	LA-DADE – KOTOPON	GREATER ACCRA				
9.	50	SAWLA-TUNE-KALBA	SAVANNAH				
		2016	'				
1.	5	NABDAM					
2.	6	GA WEST	GREATER ACCRA				
3.	15	AMASIE CENTRAL	ASHANTI				
4.	22	NADOWLI KALEO					
5.	30	AKATSI NORTH	VOLTA				
6.	32	KRACHI WEST	OTI				
7.	42	SISSALA WEST/KASSENA NANKANA	UPPER EAST				
8.	44	KPANDO	VOLTA				
9.	46	ASUNAFO NORTH	ASHANTI				
10.	48	KWAHU AFFRAM PLAINS	EASTERN				
11.	52	SEKYERE AFFRAM PLAINS	EASTERN				
12.	53	HO WEST	VOLTA				
13.	56	SEKYERE KUMAWU	ASHANTI				
14.	59	OFFINSO NORTH	ASHANTI				
15.	60	SAGNARIGU	NORTHERN				
16.	62	SUAMAN	WESTERN NORTH				
		2017					
1.	8	GUSHEIGU					
2.	12	BULSA SOUTH/ MOADUGURI	NORTH EAST				
3.	20	SAVELUGU-NATON	NORTHERN				
4.	28	MAMPONG	EASTERN				
5.	45	ATWIMA KWANWOMA	ASHANTI				
		2018					
1.	32	KPONE KATAMANSO MUNICIPAL	GREATER ACCRA				
		ASSEMBLY					
2.	45	TAMALE METRO	NORTHERN				

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Summary		Background	Law N	Methodology	Findings				
	3.	51	ASUTIFI NORTH				F	AHAFO	
	4.	57	SEKONDI TAKORADI					ESTERN	
		07	ELICITED THICH IS				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	LOT LIGIT	
	5.	58	AGONA WEST				C	ENTRAL	
	6.	59	HO WEST					VOLTA	
	7.	63	DORMA	DORMAA CENTRAL MUNCIPAL				BONO	
	8.	64		MAMPONG M				SHANTI	
	9.	66		AIMAN MUNIC				TER ACCRA	
	10.	67	ASIL	TANO NORTH				AHAFO	
	10.	07	2019		MIAFO				
	1.	3		ACCRA METRO)		CREA	TER ACCRA	
	2.	10		NEST/ SEFWI A		RD V		ESTERN	
	3.	12	AOWIN/ DIA	EFFUTU	AKONTOWII	OKA		ENTRAL	
	4.	14		MPOHOR				ESTERN	
	5.	20							
	6.			ADAKLU				VOLTA	
		26	A TA	WASSA EAST	ACT			ESTERN	
	7.	50		UTU SENYA E				ENTRAL	
	8.	54	-	ASUOGYAMAN	V			ASTERN	
	9.	56		SOUTH DAYI				VOLTA	
	10.	58		BOSOMTWE				SHANTI	
	11.	67		ADA WEST				TER ACCRA	
	12.	69		AFFRAM PLAII				ASTERN	
	13.	71		BUAKWA NOR				ASTERN	
	14.	72	ASAN	NTE AKIM CEN	TRAL			SHANTI	
	15.	73		HOHOE				VOLTA	
	16.	75	WA EAST				PER EAST		
	17.	76	KARAGA DISTRICT			NC	RTHERN		
	18.	77	KPANDAI				RTHERN		
	19.	78		NANUMBA NORTH				RTHERN	
	20.	79	N.	ANUMBA SOU'	ТН		NC	RTHERN	
	21.	80		BOLE			SA	VANNAH	
	22.	82		MION			NC	RTHERN	
	23.	84	,	SOUTH TONGU	J		7	VOLTA	
				2020					
	1.	3		ADENTAN			GREA	TER ACCRA	
	2.	4	·	JISU MUNICIPA				SHANTI	
	3.	6	LA NK	WANTANG M.	ADINA			TER ACCRA	
	4.	8		TOLON				RTHERN	
	5.	9	YI	ENDI MUNICIP	AL		NC	RTHERN	
	6.	10		WEST GONJA			SA	VANNAH	
	7.	11		TATALE			NC	RTHERN	
	8.	17	ASEN	NE MANSO AK	ROSO		E	ASTERN	
	9.	19		KWAHU WEST			E	ASTERN	
	10.	21	NEV	V JUABENG SO	UTH		E	ASTERN	
	11.	23		AKROFUOM			A	SHANTI	
	12.	28		TEMA METRO)		GREA	TER ACCRA	
	13.	29		GA EAST			GREA	TER ACCRA	
	14.	34		GA SOUTH			GREA	TER ACCRA	
	15.	46	SAWLA-TUN	E-KALBA/ NO	RTH GONJA	4/	SA	VANNAH	
				WEST GONJA	•				
	16.	60		ELLEMBELLE			W	ESTERN	
	17.	77]	HO MUNICIPA	L			VOLTA	
	18.	90		KUMASI METR				SHANTI	

Research

Applicable

Research

Recommendations

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19.	94	SUNYANI WEST	BONO
20.	96	EAST GONJA	SAVANNAH
21.	97	VRA AKOSOMBO	EASTERN
22.	98	ASANTE AKIM NORTH	ASHANTI
23.	99	OFORIKROM	ASHANTI
2021			
1.	12	GOMOA CENTRAL	CENTRAL
2.	13	KRACHI EAST	OTI
3.	32	NKORANZA SOUTH	BONO EAST
4.	35	BIRIM CENTRAL	EASTERN
5.	40	KWAEBIBIREM MUNICIPAL	EASTERN
6.	43	EFFIA- KWESIMINTSIM	WESTERN
7.	47	ASANTE AKIM CENTRAL	ASHANTI
8.	51	WASSA AMENFI EAST	WESTERN
9.	60	DENKYEMBOUR	EASTERN
10.	63	ATIWA WEST	EASTERN
11.	67	OBUASI EAST	ASHANTI
12.	74	KINTAMPO MUNICIPAL	BONO EAST
13.	75	ASSIN FOSU MUNICIPAL	CENTRAL
14.	90	LOWER MANYA KROBO	EASTERN
15.	94	KWAHU SOUTH	EASTERN
16.	97	BEREKUM EAST	BONO
17.	99	WEIJA/GBAWE	GREATER ACCRA
18.	100	BIRIM NORTH	EASTERN
19.	102	GA NORTH	GREATER ACCRA

